```
Set
        Items
                Description
                TEMPLAT? OR FORM OR FORMS OR FORMAT? OR CHART? OR GRAPH? OR
S1
      3637754
              PATTERN?
                DNA OR RNA OR CDNA OR MRNA OR (NUCLEOTIDE? OR BASE OR GENE-
S2
       101263
             TIC? OR AMINO()ACID? OR PROTEIN? OR GENE)()SEQUENC?
                PROBE? OR PROBEARRAY?
S3
       124909
                IDENTIFIER? OR ID OR DATA()STRUCTUR? OR LABEL? OR TAG OR T-
S4
       206480
             AGGED OR TAGGING OR TAGS OR FLAGS OR FLAGGING OR FLAGGED
                RADIOACTIV? OR ISOTOP? OR ION? ?
S5
       413994
                DATABASE? OR DATABANK? OR DATAMIN? OR DATA() (BASE? OR BANK?
S6
              OR MINE? OR MINING OR VALUE?) OR DB OR RDB? OR DBMS? OR OODB?
               S1 AND S2 AND S3
S7
         9259
                S1 AND S2 AND S4 AND S5 AND S6
S8
          153
                S7 AND S8
           89
S9
                S1(5N)S3 AND S9
            9
S10
            0
                S10 AND IC=G06F-012?
S11
            0
                S9 AND IC=G06F-012?
S12
           15
                S1(10N)S3(10N)S6
S13
                S9 AND S13
           0
S14
                S7 AND (S1 OR S4) (3N) S6
          271
S15
                S15 AND IC=G06F?
S16
           4
           27
                S10 OR S13 OR S16
S17
                IDPAT (sorted in duplicate/non-duplicate order)
S18
           27
                IDPAT (primary/non-duplicate records only)
           27
S19
File 347: JAPIO Nov 1976-2003/Nov (Updated 040308)
         (c) 2004 JPO & JAPIO
File 350:Derwent WPIX 1963-2004/UD, UM &UP=200419
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19/5/3 (Item 3 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R)File 350:Derwent WPIX
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014979109 \*\*Image available\*\*
WPI Acc No: 2003-039623/200303

XRAM Acc No: C03-009348 XRPX Acc No: N03-030985

Data manager for biological applications, organizes selective synthesized and spotted probe array results according to integrated database schema and publishes in relational database

Patent Assignee: AFFYMETRIX INC (AFFY-N)
Inventor: BERNHART D; JEVONS L; SHEPPY C G

Number of Countries: 001 Number of Patents: 001

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week
US 20020128993 A1 20020912 US 2001274988 A 20010312 200303 B
US 2002683982 A 20020308

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2001274988 P 20010312; US 2002683982 A 20020308

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Main IPC Filing Notes
US 20020128993 A1 26 G06F-007/00 Provisional application US 2001274988
Abstract (Basic): US 20020128993 A1

NOVELTY - A data manager, where a data identifier (630) identifies set of synthesized **probe** array results and spotted **probe** array results to be published in a relational **database** (418) based on a user selection, is new. A **formatter** (640) organizes the synthesized and spotted **probe** array results according to an integrated **database** schema e.g. Affymetrix (RTM) analysis data model (AADM) schema and publishes the results in the database.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) relational database provision method;
- (2) graphical user interface display method;
- (3) graphical user interface;
- (4) computer program product comprising rotational database provision instructions; and
  - (5) computer system.

USE - For managing synthesized and spotted probe array results of biological molecules such as cells, proteins, genes or expressed sequence tags (EST), DNA sequences and other molecules such as ligand, receptor, peptide, polysaccharides, nucleic acids.

ADVANTAGE - Facilitates accessing, analyzing and managing vast amount of biological information collected using probe arrays.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The drawing shows the functional block diagram of a data manager application.

Relational database (418)

Data identifier (630)

Formatter (640).

pp; 26 DwgNo 6/11

Title Terms: DATA; MANAGE; BIOLOGICAL; APPLY; ORGANISE; SELECT; SYNTHESIS; SPOT; PROBE; ARRAY; RESULT; ACCORD; INTEGRATE; DATABASE; RELATED; DATABASE

Derwent Class: B04; D16; T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-007/00

File Segment: CPI; EPI

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19/5/4
           (Item 4 from file: 350)
DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX
(c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv.
014798254
WPI Acc No: 2002-618960/200266
Related WPI Acc No: 1997-145245; 1997-319766; 1998-101069; 1998-609243;
  1999-095351; 1999-263358; 1999-313351; 2000-524416; 2000-587434;
  2000-594650; 2001-050094; 2001-146289; 2001-367710; 2002-017124;
  2002-017125; 2002-017215; 2002-083006; 2002-164363; 2002-194904;
  2002-340184; 2002-393965; 2003-066892; 2003-120675; 2003-182286;
  2003-182497; 2003-416594; 2003-521577; 2003-556799; 2003-584406;
  2003-669615; 2004-021946; 2004-088750; 2004-142653; 2004-168886
XRAM Acc No: C02-174721
  Producing improved organism having a desirable trait, involves generating
  a set of mutagenized organisms so that a set of substantial genetic
 mutations is represented and detecting presence of improved organism
Patent Assignee: DIVERSA CORP (DIVE-N)
Inventor: FU P; LATTERICH M; LEVIN M; SHORT J M; WEI J
Number of Countries: 097 Number of Patents: 002
Patent Family:
                            Applicat No
                                            Kind
                                                  Date
                                                           Week
             Kind
                    Date
Patent No
WO 200229032 A2 20020411 WO 2001US31004 A
                                                20011001 200266
             A 20020415 AU 200211402
                                                20011001 200266
AU 200211402
                                            Α
Priority Applications (No Type Date): WO 2001US19367 A 20010614; US
  2000677584 A 20000930; US 2001279702 P 20010328
Patent Details:
Patent No Kind Lan Pg
                        Main IPC
                                    Filing Notes
WO 200229032 A2 E 868 C12N-015/00
   Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA
   CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EC EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN
   IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ
   PH PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG US UZ VN YU ZA ZW
   Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR
   IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW
                                    Based on patent WO 200229032
                      C12N-015/00
AU 200211402 A
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Abstract (Basic): WO 200229032 A2

NOVELTY - Producing (M1) an improved organism having a desirable trait, comprising obtaining an initial population of organisms, generating a set of mutagenized organisms, so that when all the genetic mutations in the set of mutagenized organisms are taken as a whole, there is represented a set of substantial genetic mutations, and detecting the presence of the improved organism, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Producing (M1) an improved organism having a desirable trait, comprising obtaining an initial population of organisms, generating a set of mutagenized organisms, so that when all the genetic mutations in the set of mutagenized organisms are taken as a whole, there is represented a set of substantial genetic mutations, and detecting the presence of the improved organism, is new. Alternatively, M1 involves functionally knocking out an endogenous gene in a clonal population of organisms, transferring a library of altered genes into the clonal population of organism, where each altered gene differs from the endogenous gene at only one codon, detecting a mutagenized organism having an improved trait, and determining the nucleotide sequence of a gene that has been transferred into the detected organism.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) identifying (M2) proteins by differential labeling of peptides, comprising:
  - (a) providing a polypeptide sample;
- (b) providing labeling reagents which differ in molecular mass that can generate differential labeled peptides that do not differ in chromatographic retention properties and do not differ in ionization and detection properties in mass spectrographic analysis, the differences are distinguishable by mass spectrographic analysis;
  - (c) fragmenting the polypeptides;
  - (d) contacting the labeling reagents with the fragments;
  - (e) separating the peptides by chromatography to produce an eluate;

- (f) feeding the eluate into a mass spectrometer and quantifying the amount of each peptide and generating the sequence of each peptide using the mass spectrometer; and
- (g) inputting the sequence to a computer program which compares the inputted sequence to a **database** of polypeptide sequences to identify the polypeptide from which the sequence peptide originated;
- (2) a chimeric labeling reagent (I) comprising, a first domain comprising a biotin, and a second domain comprising a reactive group capable of covalently binding to an amino acid, where the reagent comprises at least one isotope;
  - (3) comparing relative protein concentrations in a sample;
  - (4) identifying a gene that alters a trait of an organism;
- (5) introducing differentially activatable stagged traits into a transgenic cell or organism; and
- (6) whole cell engineering of new or modified phenotypes by using real time metabolic flux analysis.

USE - M1 is useful for producing an improved organism having a desirable trait. M2 is useful for defining the expressed proteins associated with a given cellular state, and quantifying changes in protein expression between at least two cellular states (claimed). M2 is also useful for simultaneously identifying individual proteins in complex mixtures of biological molecules. The methods are useful in functional genomic studies, and for conferring disease-resistant traits and traits other than disease resistance in plants.

pp; 868 DwgNo 0/28

Title Terms: PRODUCE; IMPROVE; ORGANISM; TRAIT; GENERATE; SET; ORGANISM; SO; SET; SUBSTANTIAL; GENETIC; REPRESENT; DETECT; PRESENCE; IMPROVE; ORGANISM

Derwent Class: B04; D16; K08

International Patent Class (Main): C12N-015/00

File Segment: CPI

19/5/6 (Item 6 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX

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\*\*Image available\*\* 014334081 WPI Acc No: 2002-154784/200220 Related WPI Acc No: 2002-164555 XRPX Acc No: N02-117659

Web-based electronic purchase method for scientific products e.g. beakers, involves searching database to find desired product for customer and supplying web-based requisition form to customer

Patent Assignee: FISHER SCI CO (FISH-N)

Inventor: MOMYER D; TALHOUK D K

Number of Countries: 094 Number of Patents: 002

Patent Family:

Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week WO 2001US20653 A WO 200203165 A2 20020110 20010628 200220 B 20020114 AU 200188216 AU 200188216 A Α 20010628 200237

Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 2000677349 A 20001002; US 2000608924 A 20000703

Patent Details:

Patent No Kind Lan Pg Filing Notes Main IPC

WO 200203165 A2 E 92 G06F-000/00

Designated States (National): AE AG AL AM AT AU AZ BA BB BG BR BY BZ CA CH CN CO CR CU CZ DE DK DM DZ EE ES FI GB GD GE GH GM HR HU ID IL IN IS JP KE KG KP KR KZ LC LK LR LS LT LU LV MA MD MG MK MN MW MX MZ NO NZ PL PT RO RU SD SE SG SI SK SL TJ TM TR TT TZ UA UG UZ VN YU ZA ZW Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK EA ES FI FR GB GH GM GR IE IT KE LS LU MC MW MZ NL OA PT SD SE SL SZ TR TZ UG ZW AU 200188216 A G06F-000/00 Based on patent WO 200203165

Abstract (Basic): WO 200203165 A2

NOVELTY - A customer profile associated with several customers and a database of items offered by the suppliers are maintained. The database is searched on behalf of a customer to find a desired item. A web-based requisition form is provided to the customer.

USE - For purchasing scientific products such as beakers, flasks, chemicals, etc., other products such as dye oligonucleotide, GAPDH primers, oligo probes , molecular beacons probes . Also for locating appropriate bacterial and human DNA for medical research, through public or private internet, intranet, using personal computer, PDA, web-based pager.

ADVANTAGE - The purchase of various products is managed reliably by sending web-based requisition form due to database search, hence customer can acquire real-time product information efficiently.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the schematic view of the electronic purchase system.

pp; 92 DwgNo 1/14

Title Terms: WEB; BASED; ELECTRONIC; PURCHASE; METHOD; SCIENCE; PRODUCT; BEAKER; SEARCH; DATABASE; FINDER; PRODUCT; CUSTOMER; SUPPLY; WEB; BASED; FORM ; CUSTOMER

Derwent Class: T01

International Patent Class (Main): G06F-000/00

File Segment: EPI

19/5/9 (Item 9 from file: 350) DIALOG(R) File 350: Derwent WPIX (c) 2004 Thomson Derwent. All rts. reserv. \*\*Image available\*\* 013998754 WPI Acc No: 2001-482969/200152 XRAM Acc No: C01-144699 XRPX Acc No: N01-357559 Preparing a cell array for use in drug screening, disease diagnosis, phylogenetic classification, parental, forensic identification, by generating multiple tubes having cells of specific type immobilized within lumen Patent Assignee: BIOMOSAIC SYSTEMS INC (BIOM-N); LI R (LIRR-I); MATHER J P (MATH-I) Inventor: LI R; MATHER J P Number of Countries: 024 Number of Patents: 006 Patent Family: Patent No Kind Date Applicat No Kind Date Week A2 20010621 WO 2000US34010 A 20001215 200152 WO 200143869 20010625 AU 200121035 A 20001215 200162 AU 200121035 A B1 20020618 US 99466011 Α 19991217 200244 US 6406840 A2 20020918 EP 2000984413 A WO 2000US34010 A 20001215 200269 EP 1239950 20001215 Α US 20020197656 A1 20021226 US 99466011 19991217 200304 US 2001947238 A 20010905 US 2002192273 A 20020709 JP 2003516747 W 20030520 WO 2000US34010 A 20001215 200334 JP 2001544993 Α 20001215 Priority Applications (No Type Date): US 99466011 A 19991217 Patent Details: Main IPC Filing Notes Patent No Kind Lan Pg WO 200143869 A2 E 54 B01J-019/00 Designated States (National): AU CA JP Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LU MC NL PT SE TR AU 200121035 A B01J-019/00 Based on patent WO 200143869 US 6406840 В1 C12N-005/02 Based on patent WO 200143869 EP 1239950 A2 E B01J-019/00 Designated States (Regional): AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE TR G01N-033/567 CIP of application US 99466011 US 20020197656 A1 Div ex application US 2001947238 CIP of patent US 6406840 JP 2003516747 W 71 C12N-011/04 Based on patent WO 200143869

Abstract (Basic): WO 200143869 A2

NOVELTY - Preparing (I) a cell array, comprises providing an array of tubes, each tube having at least one lumen and a population of cells that is contained within the lumen, cross-sectioning the array of tubes to yield several transverse tube segments and immobilizing the tube segments on a solid support.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

- (1) a tube (II) having a maximum length of 0.01 microns-5 mm and having a lumen and a population of cells that is contained and immobilized within the lumen;
  - (2) a cell array (III) comprising several tubes (II);
- (3) a kit for simultaneously detecting the presence of a target polynucleotide or polypeptide in different cell types comprising (III) in suitable packaging;
- (4) a computer-based system for detecting differential expression of a target polynucleotide or protein in a number of cell types derived from at least two subjects, which is indicated by difference in hybridization patterns on the cell array in case of polynucleotide or by immunostaining patterns for proteins, comprising:
- (a) a data storage device comprising a reference and a test hybridization or immunostaining pattern generated by hybridizing a labeled nucleotide probe corresponding to the target polynucleotide

to (III) or by staining (III) with a **labeled** antibody specific for target, where (III) comprises several tubes containing different cell types of a reference or test subject;

- (b) a search device for comparing the **pattern** to a reference **pattern** of the data storage device to detect the differences in the **patterns**; and
- (c) a retrieval device for obtaining the differences in patterns; and
- (5) a computer-implemented method for detecting differential expression of a target protein or polynucleotide in a number of cell types, indicated by the differences in immunostaining or hybridization patterns, by:
- (a) providing a database comprising immunostaining or hybridization patterns that represent expression patterns of the target protein or polynucleotide in a number of cell types, where immunostaining pattern is generated by staining (III) with a labeled antibody that is specific for the target or hybridization pattern generated by hybridizing (III) with a labeled nucleotide probe, where the staining or hybridization yields detectable complexes with different levels of staining or hybridization intensities;
  - (b) receiving two or more patterns for comparison; and
- (c) determining the differences in the selected **patterns** and displaying the results of the determination.

USE - The cell array is useful for simultaneously detecting the presence of a specific protein-protein interaction involving a proteinaceous probe, such as antibody, cell surface receptors, receptor ligand, immunoliposome, immunotoxin, cytosolic protein, secreted protein, nuclear protein or its functional motif and a target protein, such as membrane protein, cytosolic, secreted, nuclear or chaperon protein in multiple types of cells. The probe is conjugated with an enzyme, radioactive or luminescent group, is contacted with the array of tubes to produce a stable probe -target complex and formation of the complex is detected in each tube. The array is also useful for determining a cell-type binding selectivity of an antibody, detecting differential expression of a target protein or polynucleotide in the multiplicity of cell types and for identifying a modulator of a signal transduction pathway. Differential expression of target protein in cell types derived from at least two subjects can also be detected. The method involves staining individual cell arrays comprising tubes containing cell types of the first and second subjects, respectively with antibody specific for target protein, detecting the stain in each tube of the two arrays and comparing the immunostaining patterns . For detecting expression of target polynucleotide ( DNA or RNA ), the arrays are contacted with nucleotide **probes** and hybridization patterns are compared as above (all claimed). The cell arrays are useful in forensic and parenteral identification, in disease diagnosis and phylogenetic classification.

ADVANTAGE - This technique of cell-array production simplifies the laborious and expensive procedures of culturing multiple types of cells each time when needed.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWING(S) - The figure shows the process for preparing a cell array.

pp; 54 DwgNo 1/3

Title Terms: PREPARATION; CELL; ARRAY; DRUG; SCREEN; DISEASE; DIAGNOSE; CLASSIFY; PARENT; FORENSIC; IDENTIFY; GENERATE; MULTIPLE; TUBE; CELL; SPECIFIC; TYPE; IMMOBILISE; LUMEN

Derwent Class: A89; B04; D16; S03

International Patent Class (Main): B01J-019/00; C12N-005/02; C12N-011/04; G01N-033/567

International Patent Class (Additional): C12M-001/00; C12M-001/34; C12N-001/04; C12N-011/08; C12N-011/12; C12N-015/09; C12Q-001/68; G01N-001/30; G01N-001/36; G01N-033/48; G01N-033/50; G01N-033/53; G01N-033/543; G01N-033/566; G01N-033/58; G01N-033/68; G01N-037/00

File Segment: CPI; EPI